MINOR HE

NUMBER 7.

HEADQUARTERS,
GUARDIA NACIONAL DE NICARAGUA,
MANAGUA, NICARAGUA.

YOMAL ARCHIVE

Saty 220 File

Republic.

HACIENDA OPERATIONS

Hacienda operations were taken over in all Departments of the Republic, with the exception of in the Departments of Chinandega and León, in September, 1928, and all hacienda guards relieved by the Guardia Nacional. This duty was taken over in the Departments of Chinandega and León in September, 1927, and June, 1928, respectively. Control of the distilleries and government depositories of aguardiente was taken over by Presidential Decree, on 1 September, 1928. The taking over of the control of distilleries and government depositories and supressing the traffic in aguardiente and contraband cususa was an important step in the programme of the Electoral Mission because in previous elections the unrestricted use of alcoholic beverages had been a serious factor in blocking free suffrage. The purpose for which the Guardia Nacional took over the hacienda duties having been accomplished, this activity was restored to the Minister of Hacienda in the early part of January, 1929.

During the period of the performance of these duties, large quantities of aguardiente were seized, confiscated and destroyed, and many articles of other contraband were seized and confiscated. In one week in the Department of Chinandega the following articles of contraband and weapons were seized: 15-pounds tobacco, 21 silk shawls, 11 pairs silk stockings, 1 bed spread, 2 rifles, 6 pistols, 11 shotguns, and 51 cutachas and knives. At another time a capture included many cameras, camera equipment, a typewriter, a large quantity of woman's wearing apparel, various miscellaneous articles, the bull carts on which these articles were being transported, together with the bulls hauling the carts. Captain Walter W. Rogers, G.N., commanded the Division of Chinandega at the time of these captures.

NEW ENLISTED RANKS ESTABLISHED

The following enlisted ranks have been established in the Guardia Nacional since the publication of Bulletin No. 5:

Quartermaster Sergeant.
Drum Major.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE GUARDIA NACIONAL ON 31 MARCH, 1929.

(Company.	Station.	Officers.	Enlisted.	Total.	Aggreg.
	Hd. Co. Band Med.Dept.	Managua Managua Managua	43 1 8	59 36 1	102 37 9	148

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10th Co.

llth Co

12th CC

13th (

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Company.	Station.	Officers.	Enlisted.	Total.	Vagar ce.
1st Co.	Ocotal San Juan Dipilto Estelí Somoto	9 4 2 1	134 59 33	143 63 35 1	243
ž	1	• • 4	36	40	
and Co.	Chinandega Somotillo Corinto Chichigalpa San Antonio El Viejo El Tempisque El Realejo Puente Real Villanueva Pesoltega On furlough Managua	1	14 13 12 7 10 3 2 3 3	16 14 13 8 11 3 2 3 3 3	119
3rd Co.	Managua Tipitapa Sabana Grande Ticuantepe Piedrecitas Casa Colorada Mateare San Rafael Jinotepe Diriamba San Marces Santa Teresa On Leave Sick in hesp.	11 1 4 1 1 1	113 4 3 4 2 4 4 8 8 8 9 6 6	124 4 3 4 2 4 4 9 30 10 7 7 1 1 6	216
	San Francisco			58	58
4th Co.	Managua	5	53	00 .	
5th Co.	León La Paz Centro Momotombo Nagarate El Sauce Telica Santa Rasa Quezalguaque Valle de Zapat Achuapa Poneloya Managua On Leave	7 1 1 1 2 3	62 83 3 9 6 2 4 3 2 2	69 9 3 10 8 7 2 4 3 2 2	123

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	Mar.			
	office	ers. Enliste	d, Total.	Aggreg.
Company. Station.	8	58	66	. 66
6th Co. Jinotega	8		105	
8th Co. Matagalpa	8	97	105	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Muy Muy Esquipulas	1 1 1	9	10	(
Dario	1	12	15	
San Isidro	1	15	16	
San Ramón Terrabona	*	6	6	
Sébaco		7	7	184
Hatiguás San Dionis	io	4	4	104
	4	40	44	57
10th Co. Estelí Trinidad	j		13	01
Tue no 1 no		32	38	
11th Co. Juigalpa Acoyapa		12	. 8 13	
Boaco		1 8	9	3 -
Camoapa La Liberta	.đ.	9 7	10	
San José		1 10	. 11	
Santo Tomé Teustepe		ī 6 1	7.1	104
Managua		<u> </u>		
12th Co. Granada		7 32 4 25		
Masaya		1 6	7	
Masatepe Niquinohor	no	ī 5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Tisma		3	3	
Catarina La Concep	ción	2	3	
Nandaime		1 7		
Diriomo Diriá		2		3
San Carlo	S	1	A	3
El Castil Panaloya	10		x	120
Sick		1	L	2. 150
13th Col Rivas		5 2	2 2'	7
Cárdenas		1	3 2	2
Sapoa San Juan	del Sur	1	3	4
Movegalpa	1	1	3 2	2
Alta Grad)1a .		2 3 3	2 3 3 3
San Jerge Belén			3	3
Potosí	ires		3	3
Buenes A Tola			6	6 1 62
	(Managua)	***	-h-	
Hespital	,		28	31 31

Company.	Station.	officers.	Enlisted,	Tetal.	Aggrog.
Disc. Co.	Manegua (Pen)	2	9	9	
16th Co.	Managua (Pres.Gd)	2	73	75	76
lst M.b. Bn.	Managua	17	189	206	206
Bluefields.	Bluefields San Juan Rio Grande Bar Pto. Cabezas Guadalupe Wawa Central La Cruz Tumarin El Bluff Rama Las Perlas	7 2 1 1	53 4 4 10 2 5 8 2 3 8 6	60 4 12 25 9 24 9 6	117_

Officers and enlisted men of the Medical Corps are included in the above.

Officers.

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SMALL ARMS TARGET PRACTICE.

During the period 1 July, 1928, to 31 March, 1929, 487 Guardias fired the rifle record practice course for qualification on the Guardia Nacional Rifle Range at Managua.

Many men obtained a score better than 225 (pessible 250) during the period.

MILITARY OPERATIONS

During the period 1 July, 1928, to 31 March, 1929, troops of the Guardia Nacional de Nicaragua participated in the following important engagements with organized forces of bandits in Nicaragua, Central America:

PATROL TO TRINIDAD AREA

A Guardia Nacional patrol of four men, commanded by Lieutenant Jacob G. Keller, G.N., marched from Esteli to Trinidad Area, Department of Esteli, on July 26th and 27th, 1928, and captured the following:

5 Murderers.

14 Rifles

2 Shotguns.

3 Pistols.

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Total.

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Enlisted.

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Second Lieutenant Moses E. Smith, G.N. Participated in the Guardia Nacional attack against bandits on Chipote del Norte Mountain, Nueva Segovia, on 28 January, 1928, and throughout this engagement displayed a personal bravery and disregard for danger and by his calm judgement and aggressiveness brought success to the part played by his unit.

Sergeant Francisco Poveda, #241, G.N. Participated in the Guardia Nacional attack against bandits on Chipote del Norte Mountain, Nueva Segovia, on 28 January, 1928. Sèrgeant Poveda had charge of a Lewis machine-gun squad that operated in the center of the attacking force, and assisted materially in the capture of the enemy position. The heroism and desire of Sergeant Poveda to close with the enemy in this engagement marks him as a soldier of whom Nicaragua may be proud. Next of kin: Mother, Trinidad Poveda, Chinan-

Sergeant Roberto Candia, #108, G.N. During the Guardia Nacional attack against bandits on Chipote del Norte Mountain, Nueva Segovia, on 28 January, 1928, was guinner of a Lewis Machine Gun and he disregarded his personal safety to close with the enemy and, assisted by Sergeant Francisco Poveda, he advanced with his gun on enemy positions, firing the gun as he moved forward, thereby pinning the enemy to the ground so that they were unable to inflict casuadties among the attacking Guardia. Next of kin: Cosme Chávez, grandfather, Chichigalpa.

Private Ramón Martínez Gutiérrez, #375, G.N. Participated in the attack against bandits on Chipote del Norte Mountain, Nueva Segovia, on 28 January, 1928, and by his coolness under fire and his ability as a gunner in operating and maintaining the fire of his Lewis machine gun throughout this combat assisted materially in crushing the enemy and saving the Guardia from casualties.

Next of kin: Mother, Ana Ramírez, Masaya.

Private Juan Cortés Carazo, #397, G.N. Participated in the attack against bandits on Chipote del Norte Mountain, Nueva Segovia, on 28 January, 1928, and by his coolness under fire and his ability as a gunner in operating and maintaining the fire of his Lewis machine gun throughout this combat assisted materially in crushing the enemy and saving the Guardia from casualties. Next of kin: Father, Juan Cortéz, Chinandega, Barrio

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First Lieutenant Chester A. Davis, G.N. Through his excellent display of leadership while in command of a Guardia Nacional patrol that attacked and dispersed a superior bandit force at Guanacastilla, Nueva Segovia, Nicaragua, on 10 January, 1929, inspired his subordinates so that they, although greatly outnumbered by an enemy in an ambush position, fought with cutstanding courage and aggressiveness and forced the enemy to retreat.

Second Lieutenant William H. Smith (MC), G.N. This officer, second in command of a Guardia Nacional patrol that attacked and dispersed a superior force of bandits at Guanacastilla, Nueva Segovia, Nicaragua, on 10 January, 1929, although painfully wounded early in the combat, continued to render first aid to the wounded throughout the engagement and by his example did much to encourage his comrades.

Sergeant Moisés Urbina, #15, G.N., was a member of the Guardia
Nacional patrol of Lieutenant Davis which attacked and dispersed a superior bandit force at Guanacastilla, Nueva Segovia, Nicaragua, on 10 January, 1929. This noncommissioned officer while dismounting during the initial burst of machine-gun-fire, observed some bandits above him. Immediately he, with total disregard for his own safety, rushed their position and in so doing, was killed. By his act of heroism, he inspired his comrades to other acts of valor. Next of kin: Mother, Epifania Pérez, Juigalpa,

Corporal Gilberto Hernández, #1024, G.N., was a member of the Guardia Nacional patrol of Lieutenant Davis Which attacked and dispersed a superior bandit force at Guanacastilla, Nueva Segovia, Nicaragua, on 10 January, 1929. Corporal Hernández Was seriously wounded in the face by the initial burst of enemy fire but in spite of this, continued to fight with rare gallantry and perseverance until again wounded, this time fatally. This act of Corporal Hernández inspired his contades on to other feats of valor. Next of kin: Father, Juan Josó Gómez, Tisma, Nic.

Chontales, Nic.

Corporal Alejandro Buitrago, #441, G.N., a member of the Guardia
Nacional patrol of Lieutenant Davis which attacked and dispersed a superior bandit force at
Guanacastilla, Nueva Segovia, Nicaragua, on
10 January, 1929. Corporal Buitrago was seriously wounded in both legs while operating his
machine gun early in the contact. He was forced
to abandon his position and took cover in a
nearby ravine. Despite his weakened condition

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The Reception Line was formed in an attractive bower situated at the entrance of the patio in the Guardia Nacional portion of the Campo de Marte. In the Roception Line were President; Moncada, with Lieutenant Cha lacombe, his Aide, to introduce American officers; Mrs. Aguado, vifa of the new Vice president; General Somoza, the Secretario de la Comandancia; ms. Zolaya, wife of the former Mayor of Managua and present Jefe Politico of Managua; Mr. Zelaya, Jefe Politico of Managua; Mrs. Somoza; and Vice President Aguado.

Music for the occasion was furnished by the Fifth degiment Band, U. S. M. C., and the Guardia Nacional Band.

Some two thousand guests attended the ball and refreshments for this number were served.

21 33 . May 1 . 1 VOLUNTEERS ORGANIZED TO OPERATE AGAINST SANDINO.

In January, 1929, the President of Nicaragua, issued orders for the organizing of certain volunteer forces, under Nicaraguan officers; to operate against Sandino in the northern bandit infested departments of the Republic. These forces were recruited, organized and trained by their own officers, assisted by officers of the Guardia Nacional and the Second Brigade, U.S. Marine Corps, at Camp Bruce, G.N., Managua, Nic. and upon the completion of the training were moved to bases in the Northern Area of the Second Brigade, U. S. Marine Corps. The operations of the Los Voluntarios are being co-ordinated under the Commanding General, Second Brigade, U. S. Marine Corps. The rationing, uniforming, and paying of these volunteers has been entrusted to the Guardia Nacional, payment for same being made from *pecial funds apprepriated for this purpose.

TRIP OF JEFE DIRECTOR TO NOR THERN AREA.

On Monday, 18 March, 1929, Brigadier General Douglas C. McDougal, G.N., Jefe Director, left Managua for Ocotal, Department of Nueva Segovia, Nicaragua, via U.S. Marine Corps transport airplane, to confer with Colonel Robert H. Dunlap, U.S.M.C., Commanding the Northern Area, on the matter of the Guardia Nacional cooperating further in bandit operations, and to inspect the Guardia Nacional stations in that area. General McDougal returned to Managua on Thursday, 21 March, 1928, in an airplane piloted by Major Louis M. Bourne, U.S.M.C.

DECORATION OF GRAVES OF UNITED STATES NAVY PERSONNEL.

The following quoted let er, dated 30 Cetober, 1928, adarance dresed by the Sub-Division Commander, San Juan del Norte; Nica-ragua, to the Area Commander, area of the East, Bluefields, Nicaragua, and forwarded by the latter to the Jefe Director; Guandia Macional, is published as a matter of interest:

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"1. The Sub-Division Commander is very pleased to report that the members of the Guardia Nacional under his command have under their own volition, voluntarily spent several days cleaning and beautifying an American Commetery, built by the officers and crew of the U. S. Frigate "Sabine" in the year 1860, and in which are interred the remains of several members of the United States Naval Service.

- Jungle, and immediately upon learning this the entire detachment, under Sorgeant Gustavo Escobar voluntarily cleaned the plot and painted the fence which surrounds same, and otherwise beautified the surroundings, in which they were assisted by Privates Ottis Morgan and Frank J. Smith, U.S.M.C.
- 3. It is thought that the soldierly spirit and respect shown to the military dead of a foreign power by members of this command is in every way worthy of commendation."

A letter of appreciation, quoted as follows, was forwarded by the Jefe Director, Guardia Nacional, to the Division Commander, Division of Southern Bluefields, Nicaragua, on 19 November, :XX

- "1. The Jefe Director takes pleasure in expressing his sincere appreciation of the commendable spirit shown by Gurdia personnel of the Sub-Division of San Juan del Norte in that they initiated, and of their own volition cleaned and beautified an American Cometery built by the officers and crew of the U.S. Frigate Sabine in 1860; in which were interred the remains of several members of the United States Naval Service. The Jefe Director also wishes to express his thanks to Privates Ottis Morgan work.
- 2. A copy of this letter is being sent to the Commendia General, Second Brigade, U. S. Marine Corps, for his information.
- 3. A copy of this letter, in English and Spanish, will be pasted in the service record books of the Guardia personnel concerned as part of their military record.

E. R. BEADLE.

RECRUITING ACTIVITIES.

At the end of June, 1928, enlisted strenght of the Guardia Nacional was 1215. An extensive recruiting program was inaugurated shortly after the first of July, 1928, to recruit men to bring the strength of this organization up to 1800 enlisted men. During the menths of July, August, and September, 1928, four hundred and ninety-four (494) recruits were obtained, trained and transferred to Divisions in time to be of assistance in the performance of election duties. Very few recruits were obtained in October, 1928, because of the nearness of the president-ial election, which was held on 4 November, 1928, and the desire of most men to be free to vote, About three hundred (300) men

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The T sist of the by Colonel fe Director ganized, ragua, and rigorous tions of of the Colo operating marine for partament rating.

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have been recruited since election day. Many of these men, however, enlisted for a period of six months to serve during the coffee harvesting season in the northern Departments and will be discharged by the end of May, 1929. On the whole recruiting has been as satisfactory as could be expected.

SPORTS

Every endeavor is being made to promote clean sports throughout the Guardia N cional. To this end athletic equipment is furnished and prizes are offered in competitions. In Managua boxing matches are frequently staged at La Loma Field, between quardia Nacional and civilian fighters. These fights have become quite popular with boxing fans among the Marines, Guardias, and civilians, and all matches are well attended. So far Managua is the only place where such matches have been held.

All Guardias take to baseball like a duck to water. This is not strange because the same thing happens in any country there the American marine or soldier is stationed and plays the game. Several baseball teams have been organized in various pivisions and in all games played with civilian or marine teams the Guardia teams have given a good account of themselves. With the issue of boxing gloves, volley ball and baseball equipment to all Divisions there is a great increase in the number of men participating in boxing and in playing baseball.

MOBILE BATTLION

The First Mobile Battalion of the Guardia Nacional, to consist of 14 officers and 250 enlisted men, and to be commanded by Colonel Roy D. Lowell, G.N. was ordered organized by the Jose Director, on 25 March, 1929. This battalion is being organized, equipped and trained at Campo de Marte, Managua, Nicaragua, and, as soon as sufficiently trained to undertake the rigorous duty of the hills, will march to Jinotega. All operations of this battalion will be conducted under the direction of the Commanding General, Second Brigade, U. S. Marine Corps, operating in this country. This battalion will augment the marine force in that area and will probably take over the Demartament of Jinotega where the noted bandit Altamirano is operating.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE POOR HOUSE.

The officers of the Guardia Nacional on duty in Managua have for several months been voluntarily contributing towards the mintenance of the Poor House in this city. The amounts contributed have not been great, considered from the viewpoint of the contributors, but have been of a sufficient amount to assist materially in lightening the burden of the unfortunates in that institution.

The following is an extract of a letter, in translation re-

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